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利用形態	:共同研究
利用課題名(日本語)	:
Program Title (English)	$: Improvement \ of \ Plasmon-Enhanced \ Photocurrent \ Generation \ by \ Femtosecond$
	Laser Surface Modification of TiO <sub>2</sub>
利用者名(日本語)	:崔巍 <sup>1)</sup> , <u>司金海 <sup>1)</sup></u>
Username (English)	:Wei Cui <sup>1)</sup> , <u>Jinhai Si<sup>1)</sup></u>
所属名(日本語)	:西安交通大学
Affiliation (English)	:Xi'an Jiaotong University

## <u>1. 概要(Summary)</u>

A three-dimension nanostructured surface of TiO<sub>2</sub> by was fabricated femtosecond laser irradiation to increase the photon harvest and chemical reaction surface. The surface modified TiO<sub>2</sub> decorated with gold nano-islands has potential improve the visible light photocurrent to generation.

## 2. 実験(Experimental)

Hurricane Femtosecond laser system, Helicon Sputter, JSM-6700FT SEM,

## 【実験方法】

Three-dimension nanostructured surface of TiO<sub>2</sub> was fabricated by scanning circular polarized femtosecond laser with an area of 2.5 mm×2.5 mm. A 3-nm gold film was firstly sputtered on the laser modified TiO<sub>2</sub> substrate using Helicon sputter, then annealed at 800 degree Celsius in nitrogen atmosphere, leading the gold film to transform to nano-islands. The IPCE of Au-NIs/TiO<sub>2</sub> were measured with a three electrode system using a SCE as reference electrode and a platinum wire as counter electrode.

## <u>3. 結果と考察(Results and Discussion)</u>

The LSPR induced by gold nano-islands on TiO<sub>2</sub> substrate can increase the photocurrent generation in visible light region. Nanostructured surface can further increase the photon harvest and reaction surface. resulting in an improvement of The photocurrent generation. absorbance measurement confirmed that the light harvest was increased about three times. With the surface

modification, the IPCE of visible light region was notably increased from 0.05% to 0.124%, as shown in Figure 1. The XRD and Raman spectra were further studied and no evidence of TiO<sub>2</sub> phase transformation after the femtosecond laser irradiation and annealing process was observed.



Figure 1. IPCE of Au-NIs/TiO<sub>2</sub> with and without surface modification

4. その他・特記事項(Others)

·参考文献

(1) Y. Nishijima et al., J. Phys. Chem. Lett. (2012), 3, 1248-1252.

(2) X. Shi et al., J. Phys. Chem. C, (2012) 117(47), 24733-24739.

共同研究者: (RIES, Hokkaido Univ.) Quan Sun, Xu Shi, Kosei Ueno, Tomoya Oshikiri, Hiroaki Misawa <u>5. 論文・学会発表(Publication/Presentation)</u>

なし

<u>6. 関連特許(Patent)</u>

なし