課題番号 :F-13-IT-0006

利用形態 :共同研究

利用課題名(日本語) :量子井戸 MOSFETs の DC/RF 特性に対するエピタキシャル構造の効果

Program Title (English) : Effect of Epitaxial Structure on the DC and RF Performance of InAs Quantum

Well MOSFETs

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1. 概要(Summary)

The influence of epitaxial structures on device DC & RF performance was investigated. We found that optimized composite channel thickness and sub-channel indium (In) composition are beneficial to the drive current and the suppression of short channel effects.

2. 実験 (Experimental)

The devices with three kinds of InGaAs/InAs/InGaAs composite channel were fabricated following the gate-last process with 5-nm Al_2O_3 and fine gate exposures by e-beam lithography (JBX-6300 at Tokyo Tech).

3. 結果と考察(Results and Discussion)

The device with thin InAs and InGaAs layers as well as inverted modulation doping exhibits both good DC & RF performance at low V_D bias of 0.5 V (I_D of 505 μ A/ μ m, peak g_m of 412 μ S/ μ m, SS of 312 mV/decade,; extrinsic f_T and f_{max} of 70 and 82 GHz, respectively). The improvement was attributed to the reduction in parasitic resistance and the increase in gate capacitance.

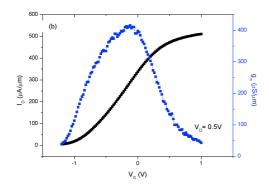


Fig. 1 Transfer characteristics of ITC QW-MOSFET.

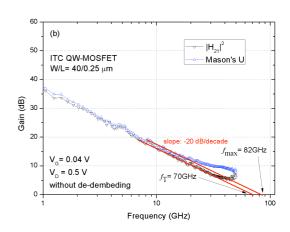


Fig. 2 Microwave characteristics of ITC QW-MOSFET.

The results indicate that the ITC QW-MOSFET is suitable for emerging sub-10-nm low-power and high-performance logic and microwave applications. The improvement in device performance is attributable to the use of a thin InP layer, a thin InAs composite channel, and an inverted type modulation doping.

4. その他・特記事項 (Others)

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5. 論文·学会発表(Publication/Presentation)

None

6. 関連特許 (Patent)

None